# **Teacher Evaluation Packet**



2016-2017 School Year

# **EVALUATION OVERVIEW PLAN**

# **All Teachers**

# **First Semester**

# Items to be completed by December 16, 2016.

• One scheduled classroom observations conducted at least 50 minutes in length with a pre and post conference conducted.

# **Second Semester**

# Item to be completed by April 13, 2017.

• One additional scheduled classroom observation at least 50 minutes in length with a pre and post conference conducted.

# **Teachers Receiving an Improvement Plan**

- By January 13, 2017-Written notice will be issued to teacher informing them of improvement plan status.
- By January 13, 2017-Meeting will be held with teacher outlining improvement plan expectations.
- January 17-April 13, 2016-Teacher will be provided 90 calendar days to work on improvement plan recommendations.
- By April 13, 2016-Teacher will be informed of contract renewal decision for 2017-2018.

# **CAVIT Classroom Teacher Evaluation Instrument**

Non Continuing Teacher	
Continuing Teacher	

Teacher	Program
Observation Dates:	

Organizing physical space

# **CAVIT Goals**

**Student Learning**-Student learning is the overriding focus of everything we do. It involves high standards, supported by a meaningful curriculum. The standards and curriculum are well integrated in our daily work – at the classroom, clinics and community levels. Student learning also involves continuous efforts to ensure learning for all students.

**Data Driven Decision Making**—Data Driven Decision Making identifies the extent to which our school is effectively using information and data. This area prompts us to examine how we use multiple sources of data to improve instructional practice and to continuously examine relationships between our work efforts, the outcomes they are achieving, and the improvement strategies we are using.

**Capacity Development**-The capacity development area addresses both organizational and human resource development. It requires continuous innovation to improve organizational structures and procedures throughout the system to improve learning for each student.

**Community Connectedness**-Community Connectedness emphasizes strong and ongoing partnerships connections with our internal and external communities. We see the community as a valuable resource for real world learning.

#### **Components of Professional Practice** 1. Planning and Preparation: The teacher designs and plans instruction that 3. Instruction: The teacher implements and manages instruction that develops students' develops students' abilities to meet ADE and industry CTE standards and the abilities to meet current ADE and industry CTE standards. school's assessment plan. Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy Communicating with students Demonstrating knowledge of students Using questioning and discussion techniques Setting instructional outcomes Engaging students in learning Using assessment in instruction Demonstrating knowledge of resources Designing coherent instruction Demonstrating flexibility and responsiveness Designing student assessment Providing opportunities for students to engage in higher level thought processes Providing meaningful, authentic learning experiences for all students Meeting diverse needs/differentiation 2. Classroom Environment: The teacher creates and maintains a learning 4. Professional Responsibilities: The teacher strives to implement the CAVIT vision and climate that supports the development of students' abilities to meet current philosophy of education. ADE and industry standards. Creating an environment of respect and rapport Reflecting on instructional strategies and management processes Establishing a culture of learning Maintaining accurate records Managing classroom procedures Communicating with families Managing student behavior Participating in a professional community

Growing and developing professionally Demonstrating professionalism

## Classroom Performance Domains - 60% of Total Evaluation Points

# **Domain #1: Planning and Preparation**

Effective teachers plan and prepare for lessons using their extensive knowledge of the content area, state/national CTE and/or industry curriculum and their students' prior experience with this content. Instructional outcomes are clearly related to the major concepts of the CTE program area and consistent with the curriculum design. The outcomes are clear to students and classroom visitors (including parents). Learning activities require all students to think, problem-solve, inquire, defend conjectures and opinions and be accountable to the learning community. Effective teachers work to engage all students in lessons and use formative assessment to scaffold and provide differentiated instruction. Measures of student learning align with the curriculum, industry, and core concepts in the discipline with students demonstrate their understandings in more than one way.

## Component 1a. Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy.

Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12 - S7, PO 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 - S8, PO 1, 4, 8 - S9, PO 1, 2, 3

# Ineffective (0 pts)

# Developing (1 pt) Teacher's plans and practice reflect some awareness of the important concepts in the

Effective (2 pts) Teacher's plans and practice reflect sufficient knowledge of the content, the ADE CTE standards and/or industry curriculum, school exit outcomes, and prerequisite relations between important concepts and of the instructional practices specific to that discipline; instructional plans have no serious omissions, including aligned objectives, activities, and assessments that enable most students to meet the specific learning objectives. The teacher consistently demonstrates fidelity to sound principles of teaching and learning that apply within content areas. For the most part, the teacher keeps up-to-date in areas of

# Highly Effective (3 pts)

Teacher's plans and practice reflect extensive knowledge of the content and of the structure of the discipline, the ADE CTE standards and/or industry curriculum, and district exit outcomes. Teacher actively builds on knowledge of prerequisites and corrects misconceptions when describing instruction or seeking causes for student misunderstanding; instructional plans include critical elements of lesson design, including clear objectives aligned to ADE CTE standards and/or industry curriculum; aligned learning activities and assessments clearly enable all or almost all students to meet the specific learning objectives. The teacher demonstrates exclusively or almost exclusively fidelity to sound principles of teaching and learning that apply to content areas. The teacher keeps up-to-date in areas of specialization.

Teacher's plans and practice display little knowledge of the content or the ADE CTE standards and/or industry curriculum, prerequisite relationships between different aspects of the content, or of the instructional practices specific to that discipline: OR, there is little or no evidence of lesson planning. The teacher seldom or never uses classroom strategies and teaching techniques specific to content area. The teacher does not keep up-to-date in areas of specialization.

awareness of the important concepts in the discipline and in the ADE CTE standards and/or industry curriculum, prerequisite relations between them and of the instructional practices specific to that discipline; instructional plans may be missing one or more critical elements of lesson design (aligned objective, activities and assessments) that impedes students from achieving the lesson objective. The teacher sometimes demonstrates fidelity to sound principles of teaching and learning that apply within content areas. The teacher keeps somewhat up-to-date in areas of specialization.

Evidence

# Component 1b. Demonstrating knowledge of students.

specialization.

Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 4, 8, 9 - S3, PO 3, , 7, 8 - S8, PO 4, 9 - S9, PO 1

# Ineffective (0 pts)

## Developing (1 pt)

# Effective (2 pts)

# Highly Effective (3 pts)

Teacher demonstrates little or no knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and does not seek such understanding. The teacher demonstrates no understanding of disabilities or other special needs of students or their educational implications in learning.

Teacher indicates the importance of understanding students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and attains this knowledge for the class as a while. The teacher demonstrates little knowledge of disabilities and other special needs of students, as well as their educational implications in learning.

Teacher actively seeks knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs and attains the knowledge for groups of students. The teacher demonstrates sufficient knowledge of disabilities and other special needs of most students, as well as their educational implications in learning.

Teacher actively seeks knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs from a variety of sources, and attains this knowledge for individual students. The teacher demonstrates a depth of knowledge of disabilities and other special needs of all students, as well as their educational implications in learning.

#### **Domain #1: Planning and Preparation** Component 1c. Setting instructional outcomes. Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 1, 2, 3, 6 Ineffective (0 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) ( ) Instructional outcomes are absent or unclear and Instructional outcomes are somewhat clear and Instructional outcomes are clear and aligned to Instructional outcomes are precise and explicit are not aligned to ADE's CTE standards and/or are loosely aligned to ADE's CTE standards and/or ADE's CTE standards and/or industry curriculum and are aligned to ADE's CTE standards and/or industry curriculum and district exit outcomes, industry curriculum or district exit outcomes and industry curriculum and/or district's exit and/or district exit outcomes, and are stated as and are slated as goals that can be assessed, are unsuitable for students, represent trivial or outcomes, and are of moderate rigor and are goals reflecting high-level learning and curriculum suitable for some students, but consist of a standards. Learning objectives are at the reflecting rigorous learning and curriculum low-level learning, or are stated only as activities. appropriate grade level and difficulty. Objectives Objectives or activities do not permit viable combination of activities and goals, some of which standards. Learning objectives are at the methods of assessment. permit viable methods of assessment. Learning are suitable for most students in the class, appropriate grade level and level of difficulty. objectives are not at the correct grade level or represent different types of content. Factual and Objectives are suitable for all students in the class, level of difficulty. Objectives may reflect more conceptual understanding, and are capable of represent different types of content, factual and than one type of content, but teacher makes no assessment. The outcomes reflect opportunities conceptual understanding, and multiple attempt at coordination or content integration. for coordination with colleagues or content dispositions such as reasoning skills, social or integration. communication skills, and listening to other's perspectives. Outcomes reflect evidence of coordination with colleagues and content integration, and take into account the needs of individual students. Evidence Component 1d. Demonstrating knowledge of resources. Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 7 - S5, PO 3 - S8 PO 8, 11, 12 - S9, PO 3 Ineffective (0 pts) ( Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher demonstrate little or no familiarity with Teacher demonstrates some familiarity with Teacher is fully aware of the tangible and Teacher seeks tangible and intangible resources in resources to enhance own knowledge, to use in resources available through the school to enhance intangible resources available through the school and beyond the school in professional teaching, or for students who need them. Teacher own knowledge, to use in teaching, or for to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, organizations, on the Internet, and in the does not seek such knowledge. The teacher or students who need them. Teacher does not seek and for students who need them; teacher uses community to enhance own knowledge, to use in students do not use available resources, use them to extend such knowledge. The teacher uses available resources in ways that enhance teaching, and for students who need them: inappropriately, or use the resources in ways that available resources, but in ways that may not fully instruction appropriate to the grade level. teacher facilitates grade level appropriate student do not enhance instruction or facilitate learning. enhance instruction or facilitate learning. Examples include the teacher using technology to use of available resources to deepen Examples include video games or movies that are Examples include word processing, games that gain and maintain student attention, accessing understanding, develop expertise, and use assess knowledge retrieval, videos and using a knowledge in real-world authentic applications. not aligned to learning objectives, surfing the prior knowledge, engaging students in learning, Internet without a clear focus, entertaining or Examples include students using technology to SmartBoard as a screen. deepening cognition, providing feedback, and rewarding students, or for non-educational and/or increasing motivation and retention. gather, analyze, interpret, display, and present personal purposes. information, simulate real-world experience, solve authentic problems, promote student inquiry, or create original products. Evidence

#### **Domain #1: Planning and Preparation** Component 1e. Designing coherent instruction Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 7-12 - S8, PO 2, 4, 9 - S9, PO 5 Ineffective (0 pts) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Developing (1 pt) Teacher coordinates knowledge of content, of Teacher coordinates knowledge of content, of The series of learning experiences are poorly The series of learning experiences demonstrates aligned with the instructional outcomes and do partial alignment with instructional outcomes, students, and of resources, to design a series of student, and of resources, to design a series of not represent a coherent sequence. They are some of which are likely to engage students in learning experiences aligned to instructional and learning experiences aligned to instructional and suitable for only some students. There are significant learning. The lesson or unit has a district outcomes and suitable to groups of district outcomes, differentiated frequent gaps in the implementation of district recognizable structure and reflects partial students. The lesson or unit has a clear structure appropriate to make them suitable to all students approved course ad sequence. knowledge of students and resources. There are and is likely to engage students in significant and likely to engage them in significant learning. some gaps in the implementation of district learning. There are no serious gaps in the The lesson or unit's structure is clear and allows approved curriculum scope and sequence. implementation of district approved curriculum for different pathways according to student scope and sequence. needs. District approved curriculum scope and sequence are implemented with complete fidelity. Evidence Component 1f. Designing student assessment Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 3, 13 - S4, PO 2 - S9, PO 4 Effective (2 pts) Ineffective (0 pts) ( Developing (1 pt) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher's plan for assessing student learning Teacher's plan for student assessment is partially Teacher's plan for student assessment is aligned Teacher's plan for student assessment is fully contains no clear criteria or standards, is poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes, without with the instructional outcomes, using clear aligned with the instructional outcomes, with aligned with the instructional outcomes, or is clear criteria, and inappropriate for at least come criteria, and is appropriate to the needs of clear criteria contribution to their development. inappropriate to many students. The results of students. Teacher intends to use assessment students. Teacher intends to use assessment Assessment methodologies may have been assessment have minimal impact on the design of results to plan for future instruction for the class results to plan for future instruction for groups of adapted for individuals, and the teacher intends students. Teacher designs a variety of formal and future instruction. Assessments may not be as a whole. The teacher may design assessments to use assessment results to plan future present or are not clearly aligned to measure that are not aligned to objectives, and formative informal assessments as frequent checks for instruction for individual students. Teacher assessments only provide information as to student progress in meeting objectives aligned to understanding to guide instruction and provide designs a variety of formal and informal learning outcomes. whether some students have met the learning feedback to students; the teacher is able to assessments, formative and summative, to outcomes. determine whether students have met the frequently check for understanding and provide learning outcomes. specific, timely feedback to students: students have opportunities to engage in self-assessment, goal setting, and progress tracking. Evidence Domain 1: Planning and Preparation Comments/Recommendations

### **Domain #2: The Classroom Environment**

Effective teachers organize their classrooms so that all students can learn. They maximize instructional time and foster respectful interactions among and between teachers and students with sensitivity to students' cultures, race and levels of development. Students themselves make a substantive contribution to the effective functioning of the class through self-management of their own learning and maintaining a consistent focus on rigorous learning for all students by supporting the learning of others. Processes and tools for students' independent learning are visible/available to students (charts, rubrics, etc.). Artifacts that demonstrate student growth over time are displayed/available.

# Component 2a. Creating an environment of respect and rapport Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: *S2*, *PO 1*, *3*, *4*, *5*, *8*

# Ineffective (0 pts)

Classroom interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are negative, inappropriate, or insensitive to students' cultural backgrounds, and characterized by sarcasm, putdowns, or conflict. Teacher may use sharp voice, be impatient, use sarcasm, or embarrass students. Students show disrespect to each other or to the teacher, and insensitivity to issues of gender, race/ethnicity, special education, English learners, and socio-economic status may be present.

Classroom interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are generally appropriate and free from conflict by many be characterized by occasional displays of insensitivity or lack of responsiveness to cultural or developmental differences among students. Minor exceptions are either not handled by the teacher or have a negative impact on the learning. Insensitivity to issues of gender, race/ethnicity, special education, English learners, and socioeconomic status may be present.

Developing (1 pt)

Classroom interactions, between teacher and students and among students are polite and respectful, reflecting general warmth and caring, and are appropriate to the cultural and developmental differences among groups of students. The teacher handles lack of respect among students effectively, efficiently, and positively with no negative impact on the learning. Sensitivity to issues of gender, race/ethnicity, special education, English learners, and socioeconomic status is evident; the teacher and students work well together.

Effective (2 pts)

Classroom interactions among the teacher and individual students are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring and sensitivity to students' culture and levels of development. Students themselves ensure high levels of civility among members of the class. Sensitivity to issues of gender, race/ethnicity, special education, English learners, and socio-economic status is evident; strong rapport is clearly evident among the teacher and students.

Highly Effective (3 pts)

Evidence

# Component 2b. Establishing a culture for learning

Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S2, PO 5, 6 – S3, PO 2 – S4, PO 1

# The classroom environment conveys a negative culture for learning, characterized by low teacher commitment to the subject or learning, low expectations for student achievement, and little or no evidence of student pride in work.

Ineffective (0 pts)

Classroom culture for learning is sometimes evident, with little teacher commitment to the subject or learning, modest expectations for student achievement, and little evidence of student pride to be only "going through the motions."

Developing (1 pt)

The classroom culture is characterized by high expectations for most students, genuine commitment to the subject and the learning by both teacher and students, with students demonstrating pride in their work.

Effective (2 pts)

High levels of student energy and teacher passion for the subject create a culture for learning in which everyone shares a belief in the importance of the subject and the learning, and all students hold themselves to high standards of performance, for example, showing pride by initiating improvements to their work.

Highly Effective (3 pts) (

Domain #2: The Classroom Environment			
Component 2c. Managing classroom procedures			
Ariz	zona Professional Teaching Standards: S2,	PO 2, 3, 4, 5, 9 – S3, PO 13 – S8, PO7 – S9, F	PO 6
Ineffective (0 pts)	Developing (1 pt)	Effective (2 pts)	Highly Effective (3 pts)
Much instructional time is lost due to inefficient	Some instructional time is lost due to only	Little instructional time is lost due to classroom	Students contribute to the seamless operation
classroom routines and procedures, for	partially effective classroom routines and	routines and procedures, for transitions, handling	classroom routines and procedures,
transitions, handling of supplies, and performance	procedures, for transitions, handling of supplies,	of supplies, and performance of non-instructional	transitions, handling of supplies, and performar
of non-instructional duties; instructional time is	and performance of non-instructional duties;	duties, which occur smoothly; instructional time is	of non-instructional duties; instructional time
frequently not focused because of slow pacing,	instructional time is sometimes interrupted by	primarily devoted to academic learning with	maximized and clearly focused on acader
unclear directions, off-task discussions, busy work,	slow pacing, unclear directions, and off-task	student cognitive engagement, active learning, or	learning with student cognitive engageme
and lack of adequate lesson planning.	discussions.	student/teacher interactions.	active learning or student/teacher interactions.
	Component 2d Mona	ging student helpovier	
		ging student behavior ards: S2, PO 2, 3 – S8, PO 7 – S9, PO 5	
Ineffective (0 pts)	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand	ards: <i>S2, PO 2, 3 – S8, PO 7 – S9, PO 5</i>	Highly Effective (3 pts)
Ineffective (0 pts)  There is no evidence that standards of conduct		ards: <i>S2, PO 2, 3 – S8, PO 7 – S9, PO 5</i> Effective (2 pts)	Highly Effective (3 pts)  Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence
There is no evidence that standards of conduct	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand Developing (1 pt)	ards: <i>S2, PO 2, 3 – S8, PO 7 – S9, PO 5</i>	
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to	ards: S2, PO 2, 3 – S8, PO 7 – S9, PO 5  Effective (2 pts)  Standards of conduct appear to be clear to	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students.	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teacher monitoring of student behavior is subtle a
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students.  Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teacher
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful of student dignity. Classroom management is seriously deficient in terms of efficiency,	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students.  Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher response to student misbehavior in appropriate	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teach monitoring of student behavior is subtle a preventive, and teacher's response to stud misbehavior is sensitive to individual stud
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful of student dignity. Classroom management is seriously deficient in terms of efficiency, effectiveness, and/or positive feeling tone.	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students. Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior. Classroom management is mostly efficient, effective and positive, with the use of a few different procedures and techniques, but not	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher response to student misbehavior in appropriate and respects the student's dignity. Classroom	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teach monitoring of student behavior is subtle a preventive, and teacher's response to stud misbehavior is sensitive to individual stud needs. Students take an active role in monitor the standards of behavior. Classro
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful of student dignity. Classroom management is seriously deficient in terms of efficiency, effectiveness, and/or positive feeling tone. Student disruption that interferes with the	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students. Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior. Classroom management is mostly efficient, effective and positive, with the use of a few different procedures and techniques, but not always with the desired results. Student behavior	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher response to student misbehavior in appropriate and respects the student's dignity. Classroom management is handled effectively, efficiently,	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teach monitoring of student behavior is subtle a preventive, and teacher's response to stud misbehavior is sensitive to individual stud needs. Students take an active role in monitor the standards of behavior. Classro management is handled effectively, efficiently as
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful of student dignity. Classroom management is seriously deficient in terms of efficiency, effectiveness, and/or positive feeling tone. Student disruption that interferes with the	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students. Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior. Classroom management is mostly efficient, effective and positive, with the use of a few different procedures and techniques, but not	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher response to student misbehavior in appropriate and respects the student's dignity. Classroom management is handled effectively, efficiently,	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teacher monitoring of student behavior is subtle a preventive, and teacher's response to stude misbehavior is sensitive to individual studenceds. Students take an active role in monitor the standards of behavior. Classro management is handled effectively, efficiently a positively, with a wide range of clear, effectively.
There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful of student dignity. Classroom management is seriously deficient in terms of efficiency, effectiveness, and/or positive feeling tone. Student disruption that interferes with the	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students. Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior. Classroom management is mostly efficient, effective and positive, with the use of a few different procedures and techniques, but not always with the desired results. Student behavior	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher response to student misbehavior in appropriate and respects the student's dignity. Classroom management is handled effectively, efficiently,	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teacher monitoring of student behavior is subtle a preventive, and teacher's response to stude misbehavior is sensitive to individual studenceds. Students take an active role in monitor the standards of behavior. Classro management is handled effectively, efficiently a positively, with a wide range of clear, effect procedures and techniques; student behavior
Ineffective (0 pts)  There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive, or disrespectful of student dignity. Classroom management is seriously deficient in terms of efficiency, effectiveness, and/or positive feeling tone. Student disruption that interferes with the learning of other students is evident.  Evidence	Arizona Professional Teaching Stand  Developing (1 pt)  It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students. Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior. Classroom management is mostly efficient, effective and positive, with the use of a few different procedures and techniques, but not always with the desired results. Student behavior	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. Teacher response to student misbehavior in appropriate and respects the student's dignity. Classroom management is handled effectively, efficiently,	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence student participation in setting them. Teacher monitoring of student behavior is subtle a preventive, and teacher's response to studentisbehavior is sensitive to individual studential s

#### **Domain #2: The Classroom Environment** Component 2e. Organizing physical space Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S2, PO 5, 9 Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Highly Effective (3 pts) Effective (2 pts) The classroom is safe, and essential learning is The physical environment is unsafe, or some The classroom is safe, and learning is accessible to The classroom is safe, and the physical accessible to most students, and the teacher's use environment ensures the learning of all students, students don't have access to learning. There is all students; teacher ensures that the physical poor alignment between the physical of physical resources is moderately effective. arrangement is appropriate to learning activities. including those with special needs. Students arrangement and the lesson activities. The Teacher may attempt to modify the physical Teacher makes effective use of physical resources. contribute to the use of adaptation of the physical classroom physical environment may not easily arrangement to suit learning activities, with Visuals are easily readable and designed to cue environment to advance learning. Visuals are allow opportunities for student interaction. Few partial success. The room has limited visuals that student learning in the content area. Some easily readable and are designed to cue student visuals are designed to cue student learning. Some are easily readable and usable to cue student materials have been created with student learning in the content area. Materials have been posted material may not be readable, may be learning in the content area. Visuals may be overinvolvement or display student work that created with student involvement to promote over-simulating, unrelated to content, and/or stimulating, unrelated to content, and/or detract promotes connections between prior and new connections between prior and new learning. Visuals are used as a scaffold to extend learning detract from learning. from learning. learning. experiences and engage students. Evidence Domain 2: Classroom Environment Comments/Recommendations

## **Domain #3: Instruction**

All students are highly engaged in learning and make significant contributions to the success of the class through participation in equitable discussions, active involvement in their learning and the learning of others. Students and teachers work in ways that demonstrate their belief that rigorous instruction and hard work will result in greater academic achievement. Teacher feedback is specific to learning goals and rubrics and offers concrete ideas for improvement. As a result, students understand their progress in learning the content and can explain the goals and what they need to do in order to improve. Academic progress is articulated and celebrated in the learning community and with families. Effective teachers recognize their responsibility for students learning in all circumstances and demonstrate significant student growth over time towards individual achievement goals, including academic, behavioral, and/or social objectives.

# Component 3a. Communicating with students

Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S2, PO 8 - S3, PO 1, 4, 5, 6, 8 - S8, PO 3 - S9, PO 5

# Expectations for learning goals, directions and procedures and explanations of content are absent, unclear, or confusing to students, and not aligned to Arizona's CTE standards and/or industry curriculum or district exit outcomes. OR, there is no learning goal. Teacher modeling is not used when necessary and appropriate. Teacher's use of language contains errors or is inappropriate to students' cultures or levels of development; students cannot articulate lesson objectives or why they are important to them.

Ineffective (0 pts)

Expectations for learning goals, directions and procedures, and expectations of content are implicit, may be unclear and not connected to previous learning; learning goals are loosely aligned to Arizona's CTE standards and/or industry curriculum and district exit outcomes. Teacher modeling is present, but ineffective. Teacher's use of language is correct but may not be completely appropriate to students' cultures or levels of development; some students are able to articulate lesson objectives or why they are important to learn.

Developing (1 pt)

Expectations for learning goals, directions and procedures, and explanation of content and relevance may not be explicit but are clear to students and connected to students' prior experiences. Teacher model includes the skills and labels the criteria for the correct performance expected of students. Learning goals are aligned to Arizona's CTE standards and/or industry curriculum and district exit outcomes. Communications are appropriate to students' cultures and levels of development; most students can articulate lesson objectives and why they are important to learn.

Effective (2 pts) (

Highly Effective (3 pts) Expectations for learning goals, directions and procedures, and explanations of content and relevance are explicit and clear to students and are connected to prior experiences; learning goals are fully aligned to Arizona's CTE standards and/or industry curriculum and district exit outcomes. Explicit evidence can include a visual, readable display of the learning objective, a verbal announcement of the learning objective, or student recitation of the learning objective. When a lesson is teacher-led, teacher models the skill and labels specific criteria for the correct performance expected of students. Teacher's oral and written communication is clear, precise, and appropriate to students' cultures and levels of development, and anticipates possible student misconceptions; almost all students can say or show lesson objectives accurately and demonstrate a personal connection to their importance.

#### Domain #3: Instruction Component 3b. Using questioning and discussion techniques Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S2, PO 7 - S3, PO 1, 8 - S9, PO 5 Ineffective (0 pts) Effective (2 pts) Developing (1 pt) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher's guestions are low-level Some of the teacher's questions elicit thoughtful Most of the teacher's questions elicit a thoughtful Questions reflect high expectations and are inappropriate or not aligned to lesson objectives, responses, but most are low-level, posed in rapid response, and the teacher allows sufficient time for culturally and developmentally appropriate; all eliciting limited student participation, and succession, with little wait time. Questions students to answer most questions and teacher questions and teacher responses are aligned to recitation rather than discussion. There is a high and/or teacher responses may not be aligned to responses are aligned to the lesson objective. Most lesson objectives. Students independently level of student disengagement. There is a high formulate high-level questions. All voices are lesson objectives. Teacher's attempt to engage all students participate in the discussion, with the heard. Students continuously interact with the level of student disengagement. Students do not students in discussion are only partially teacher stepping aside when appropriate. Student interact with the content, other students, or with successful. Students do seatwork, worksheets, interaction with other students is evident. content, other students, and the teacher. the teacher. book work, tests, reading, independently, and demonstrate limited interaction among themselves or with the teacher. Evidence Component 3c. Engaging students in learning Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S2, PO 6, 7 – S3, PO 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14 – S7, PO 7 – S8, PO3 – S, PO 9 Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Activities and assignments, materials, and Activities and assignments, materials, and Activities and assignments, materials, and groupings Students are highly intellectually engaged groupings of students are inappropriate to the groupings of students are partially appropriate to of students are fully appropriate to the instructional throughout the lesson in significant learning, and instructional outcomes, or students' cultures or the instructional outcomes, or students' cultures outcomes, and students' cultures and levels of make meaningful contributions to the activities, levels of understanding, resulting in little or levels of understanding, resulting in moderate student groupings, and materials. All students are understanding. Most students are engaged in work intellectual engagement or rigor. The lesson has intellectual engagement and little rigor. The of a high level of rigor. The lesson's structure is engaged in work of a high level of rigor. The no structure or is poorly paced. Students do not lesson has a recognizable structure but is not coherent, with appropriate pace. Student interaction lesson is adapted as needed to the needs of interact with other students, or with the teacher. fully maintained. Students do seatwork. with other students is evident. Overt and covert individuals, and the structure and pacing allow worksheets, book work, tests, individual reading, The teacher is not participating in learning tasks active participation from most of the students most for student reflection and closure. Students of the students. Active participation is not etc., independently, and demonstrate limited of the time is evident. Instructional time is mostly continuously interact with the content, other evident. A great deal of instructional time is lost. interaction among themselves or with the focused on academic learning with student cognitive students, and the teacher. Teacher acts as Students are not given opportunities for guided teacher. The teacher provides assistance to engagement, active learning or student/teacher facilitator with evidence of less whole class, and/or independent practice OR the practice students where required. Overt and covert active interactions. Students are provided appropriate, teacher-directed instruction and less student provided is not aligned. participation from most of the students most of aligned opportunities for guided and independent passivity and more experiential, inductive, handsthe time is low or inconsistent. There is some loss practice. on learning. A high degree of overt and covert of instructional time. Students are provided active participation from all or almost all the opportunities for guided and independent students all of the time is evident. Instructional practice, but the practice may not be aligned. time is maximized and clearly focused on academic learning with student cognitive engagement, active learning or student/teacher interactions. Students are provided appropriate, aligned opportunities for guided and independent practice.

Component 3d. Using assessment in instruction  Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: \$53, PO 1, 8 - 54, PO 4 - 58, PO 3 - 59, PO 5  Ineffective (0 pts)  Assessment is not used and/or is not aligned to instruction or student learning, either through students' awareness of the assessment criteria, monitoring of progress by teacher or students, or through feedback to students.  Assessment is uneven, and students are aware of only come of the assessments provide only some information about where students are in the learning of the instructional objectives.  Assessment is not used and/or is not aligned to instruction, through some monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students. Feedback to students of uselulate their work. Summative tests measure student learning in formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; teacher is able to determine where most students are involved in establishing the assessment criteria. Self-assessment by students and monitoring of progress by both students are in the learning of the instructional outcomes.  Evidence		Domain #3	3: Instruction		
Ineffective (0 pts)  Assessment is not used and/or is not aligned to instruction or student learning, either through students' awareness of the assessment criteria, monitoring of progress by teacher or students, or through feedback to students.  Beffective (2 pts)  Assessment is not used and/or is not aligned to instruction or student learning, either through students are and/or students. Feedback to students, or only come of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work. Summative tests measure student learning; formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Teacher uses a variety of formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Teacher uses a variety of formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Teacher uses a variety of formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Teacher uses a variety of formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher is able to determine where most students are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Assessment is not used and/or is not aligned to instruction or student learning, either through students' awareness of the assessment criteria, monitoring of progress by teacher or students, or through feedback to students.  Assessment is sometimes used in instruction, through some monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students. Feedback to students is uneven, and students are aware of only come of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work. Summative assessments rovide only some information about where students are in the learning of the instructional objectives.  Assessment is sometimes used in instruction, through formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; teacher is able to determine where most students are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Teacher uses a variety of formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Summative assessments achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  Teacher uses a variety of formative and summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher growides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.	Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S3, PO 1, 8 - S4, PO 4 - S8, PO 3 - S9, PO 5				
through some monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students. Feedback to students is uneven, and students are aware of only come of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work. Summative tests measure student learning; formative assessments provide only some information about where students are in the learning of the instructional objectives.  through feedback to students.  through feedback to students.  through some monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students. Feedback to students, or through feedback to students.  summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; teacher is able to determine where most students are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher is able to determine where most students are involved in establishing the assessment criteria. Self-assessment by students and monitoring of progress by both students are in the learning of the instructional outcomes.  summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher is able to determine where most students are throughout the learning in meeting the instructional outcomes.  summative assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher is able to determine where most students are throughout the learning of progress by by bistorated manner throughout the instructional outcomes.  Sudents are involved in establishing the assessment criteria. Self-assessment provides timely, quality feedback to all students are involved in establishing the assessment criteria. Self-assessment criteria	Ineffective (0 pts)	Developing (1 pt)	Effective (2 pts)	Highly Effective (3 pts)	
	nstruction or student learning, either through tudents' awareness of the assessment criteria, nonitoring of progress by teacher or students, or	through some monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students. Feedback to students is uneven, and students are aware of only come of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work. Summative tests measure student learning; formative assessments provide only some information about where students are	assessments to gauge student achievement of learning objectives and guide instruction; teacher provides timely, quality feedback to students; teacher is able to determine where most students are throughout the learning in meeting the	summative assessments to gauge studer achievement and promote the learning of instructional outcomes; assessment is used in sophisticated manner throughout the instruction students are involved in establishing the assessment criteria. Self-assessment by students and monitoring of progress by both students and the teacher is required; teacher gives timely quality feedback to all students from a variety of sources. Students track individual progress and	
			nstrating flexibility and responsiveness ords: S3, PO 1, 8, 15 – S8, PO 3 – S9, PO 5		
Ineffective (0 pts) O Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts)	Ineffective (0 pts)	Arizona Professional Teaching Standa	rds: <i>S3, PO 1, 8, 15 – S8, PO 3 – S9, PO 5</i>	Highly Effective (3 pts)	

	Domain #3: Instruction			
Component 3f. Providing opportunities for students to engage in higher level thought				
processes conducive to interacting with new knowledge and deepening understanding				
Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S3, PO 1, 8 - S4, PO 4 - S8, PO 3 - S9, PO 5				
Ineffective (0 pts)	Developing (1 pt)	Effective (2 pts)	Highly Effective (3 pts)	
Teacher fails to provide opportunities that challenge students beyond the knowledge retrieval level; there is no evidence of the construction of new meaning, deepening understanding, improvement in skills, or application of previously learned knowledge.  Evidence	Teacher provides opportunities that require students to comprehend new information, but students are not required to demonstrate their understanding in words or non-linguistically; there is no evidence of the construction of new meaning, deepening understanding, improvement in skills, or application of previously learned knowledge.	Teacher provides opportunities that require students to develop skills that are necessary for subsequent, higher level learning, OR comprehend basic meaning of new information and demonstrate understanding verbally or non-linguistically, OR examine new knowledge in fine detail and as a result, form new conclusions.	Teacher provides opportunities that require complex analyses and new thinking that deepen understanding of previous knowledge, OR teacher requires students to complete authentic, complex real-world tasks in which they construct meaning through problem solving, decision-making, formulating and testing hypotheses, conducting inquiries, and/or developing and designing original products; there is evidence of deepening understanding and higher levels of expertise.	
Arizona I		gful, authentic learning experiences for all st 10, 11 12 - , S3, 3, 7, 8, 9 , 10 – S7, PO 4, 5 –		
Ineffective (0 pts)	Developing (1 pt)	Effective (2 pts)	Highly Effective (3 pts)	
There is little evidence of transfer of learning beyond knowledge acquisition in the individual content area or classroom. Learning activities require students to process information on a knowledge retrieval level and there is no application to real-world tasks. Few students met lesson objectives or had no depth of understanding of lesson objectives.	There is little or no evidence of transfer of learning beyond application within the discipline; students may engage in comprehension, analysis, or knowledge utilization activities, but without the prior knowledge necessary for these activities to be effective.	Transfer of learning that applies across disciplines or to real-world predictable situations is evident. Activities are primarily at the comprehension and analysis level and require students to interact with new knowledge. Many students met lesson objectives with a depth of understanding.	Application of learning to real-world unpredictable situations is evident; students primarily engage in analysis or knowledge utilization activities that require them to deepen understanding or use prior knowledge to complete authentic, real-world tasks. All students met lesson objectives with a depth of understanding.	
Evidence				

Domain #3: Instruction						
Component 3h. Meeting Diverse Needs/Differentiation						
Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12 - S2, PO 4 - S3, PO 3, 7, 8, 12, 15 - S8, PO 3, 4, 6, 7 - S9, PO 1, 5						
Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly E						
There is no evidence that the teachers uses methods or varies process, product, or content to meet the needs of the learners; there is no evidence of tiered intervention.	The teacher attempts to use various methods or to vary process, product, or content for some of the learners with varying degrees of effectiveness; there is little or no evidence of tiered intervention.	Teacher uses a variety of methods, (modeling, visuals, music/art, manipulatives, graphic organizers, simulations, groupings, available technology) to meet the diverse needs of most students, including special education, ELL, gifted, etc.; and/or the teacher differentiates process, product, and/or content or environment and tiered interventions to meet the needs of most learners.	Teacher uses ample and a wide variety of methods, (modeling, visuals, music/art, manipulatives, graphic organizers, simulations, groupings, available technology), to meet the diverse needs of all learners, including special education, ELL, gifted, etc.; and/or the teacher effectively differentiates process, product, and/or content or environment and tiered intervention			
Evidence	Evidence to meet the needs of <u>all</u> learners.					
Domain 3: Instruction Comments/Recommendations						

# **Domain #4: Professional Responsibilities**

Effective teachers have high ethical standards and a deep sense of professionalism. They utilize integrated systems for suing student learning data, record keeping and communicating with families clearly, timely for improvement that are shared across the learning community and improve the practice of all. These are teachers who are committed to fostering a community of effortful learning that reflects the highest

#### and with cultural sensitivity. They assume leadership roles in both school and district projects, and engage in a wide-range of professional development activities. Reflection on their own practice results in ideas standards for teaching and student learning in ways that are respectful and responsive to the needs and backgrounds of all learners. Component 4a. Reflecting on instructional strategies and management processes Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S1, PO 7 - S5, PO 3 - S8, PO 8, 11, 12 - S9, PO 3 Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Teacher does not accurately assess the Teacher provides a partially accurate and Teacher provides an accurate and objective Teacher's reflection on the lesson is thoughtful description of the lesson, citing specific evidence. and accurate, citing specific evidence. Teacher is effectiveness of the lesson, and has no ideas objective description of the lesson, but does not about how the lesson could be improved. cite specific evidence. Teacher makes only general Teacher makes some specific suggestions as to able to identify planning and pedagogical decision suggestions as to how the lesson might be how the lesson might be improved. that positively impacts the students' achievement. Teacher suggests specific, alternative strategies improved. and predicts the likely success of each of those strategies. Evidence Component 4b. Maintaining accurate records Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S4, PO 3, 5 Effective (2 pts) Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher demonstrates limited ability to use Teacher demonstrates proficiency in the use of Teacher fails to use technology as a tool to access Teacher demonstrates proficiency in the use of and manage information. Teacher fails to maintain technology as a tool to access and manage technology as a tool to access and manage technology as a tool to access and manage records as required by law, district policy, and information. Teacher maintains accurate records information. Teacher maintains accurate, up to information. Teacher maintains accurate, up to administrative regulations. Teacher's systems for as required by law, district policy, and date, and complete records as required by law, date, and complete records as required by law. maintaining both instructional and nonadministrative regulations. Teacher's systems for district policy, and administrative regulations. The district policy, and administrative regulations. maintaining both instructional and nonteacher's systems for maintaining both There is clear and consistent evidence that the instructional records are either not up to date, non-existent, or in disarray, resulting in errors and instructional records are rudimentary and only instructional and non-instructional records are system of managing student data and monitoring partially successful, and may not be up to date. confusion. Teacher does not keep student records accurate, efficient and effective, Teacher student progress is highly effective and students Privacy and confidentiality of student records is private and confidential. maintains privacy of student records and contribute to goal setting, the monitoring of those sometimes disregarded. performance; respects confidentiality. goals, and the discussion of the significance of the goal setting process. Teacher maintains privacy of student records and performance: respects confidentiality. Evidence

#### **Domain #4: Professional Responsibilities** Component 4c. Communicating with families Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S4, PO 4 - S5, PO 1 Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher communication with families about the Teacher adheres to school procedures for Teacher communicates frequently with families Teacher's communication with all families is instructional program, or about individual communicating with families and makes modest and successfully engages them in the instructional frequent and sensitive to cultural traditions; students, is sporadic or may be culturally attempts to engage families in the instructional program. Information to parents about individual students participate in the communication. inappropriate. Teacher makes no attempt to program. Communications are not always students is conveyed in a culturally appropriate Teacher successfully engages families in the engage families in the instructional program or manner, and input from parents or guardians is instructional program and encourages input from appropriate to the cultures of those families, and solicit input. Teacher communicates with parents input from parents or guardians is rarely solicited. parents or guardians to enhance the academic solicited to enhance the academic and social or guardians only when absolutely necessary. Teacher communicates with parents or guardians success of students. Teacher promotes and and social success of students. Teacher promotes to relay educational or behavioral concerns documents constructive communication efforts and documents positive, constructive two-way through report cards, progress reports, and other with parents or guardians, through phone calls, communication efforts with parents or guardians district, school, or classroom correspondence. notes, emails, as well as, through report cards, through phone calls, notes home, and email progress reports and other district, school, or communication, as well through report cards, classroom correspondence. progress reports and other district, school. Or classroom correspondence. Evidence Component 4d. Participating in a professional community Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S5, PO 2, 4, 5 Ineffective (0 pts) ( Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher avoids participating in a professional Teacher becomes involved in the professional Teacher participates actively in the professional Teacher makes a substantial contribution to the community or in school and district events and community and in school and district events and community and in school and district events and professional community that is aligned to district projects: relationships with colleagues are projects when specifically asked; relationships projects; participation is aligned to district and and school goals, school and district events and negative or self-serving, with little or no reflection with colleagues are cordial. There is little school goals. Teacher maintains positive and projects: the teacher assumes a leadership role professional practices at any level. involvement by the teacher in the shared vision or productive relationships with colleagues that are among the faculty and promotes cohesion and a in a culture of inquiry or reflection at the school or characterized by mutual support, cooperation, shared vision among staff members. Professional personal level. cohesion, a shared vision, and active participation relationships are evident and consistent and are in a culture of inquiry and reflection on current characterized by mutual support, cooperation and practices at the school, department, grade, and initiative in promoting a culture of inquiry and personal level. reflection on current practices at the state, district, school, department, grade, and personal level. Evidence

#### **Domain #4: Professional Responsibilities** Component 4e. Growing and developing professionally Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S6, PO 2, 3, 4, 5 Effective (2 pts) Ineffective (0 pts) ( Developing (1 pt) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher participates in professional development Teacher does not participate, or does not Teacher seeks out opportunities for professional Teacher actively pursues professional in activities that are convenient or are required, and development based on individual assessment of consistently participate, professional development opportunities, and initiates activities development activities, and makes no effort to makes limited contribution to the profession. need, and actively shares expertise with others. to contribute to the profession. In addition. share knowledge with colleagues or assume Teacher accepts, with some reluctance, feedback Teacher welcomes and incorporates feedback teacher seeks out, welcomes, and incorporates professional responsibilities. Teacher is resistant from supervisors and colleagues on teaching from supervisors and colleagues. Teacher feedback, from supervisors and colleagues. to feedback from supervisors or colleagues on performance; contributions to and participation in participates actively in assisting other educators Teacher initiates important activities which teaching performance. Teacher does not and contributing to the professional learning contribute to the professional learning community the professional learning community are limited. participate and/or contribute to the professional Teacher sometimes recognizes the school as an community at the school and/or district levels. at the school and district levels. Teacher learning community. Teacher fails to recognize the organization within a larger community. Teacher recognizes the school as an organization recognizes the school as an organization within a school as an organization within a larger within a larger community and emphasizes strong larger community and promotes and facilitates community. and ongoing partnership connections with internal strong and ongoing partnership connections with and external communities. internal and external communities. Evidence Component 4f. Demonstrating professionalism Arizona Professional Teaching Standards: S2, PO 10 - S4, PO 5 - S5, PO 2, 4 Ineffective (0 pts) Developing (1 pt) Effective (2 pts) Highly Effective (3 pts) Teacher has little sense of ethics and Teacher is hones and well-intentioned in serving Teacher displays a high level of ethics and Teacher is proactive and assumes a leadership professionalism, and contributes to practices that students and contributing to decisions in the professionalism in dealing with both students and role in ensuring the highest ethical standards, and are self-serving or harmful to students. Teacher school, but teacher's attempts to serve students colleagues, and complies fully and voluntarily with seeing that school practices and procedures fails to comply with school and district regulations are limited. Teacher complies minimally with school and district regulations. Professional ensure that all students, particularly those and timelines. Professional interactions and school and district regulations, doing just enough interactions and practices are characterized by traditionally underserved, are honored in the practice are characterized by a lack of honesty, to "get by." Professional interactions and practice honesty, integrity, confidentiality and/or school. Teacher takes a leadership role in seeing integrity, and awareness of student needs. are characterized by honest, but inconsistent assurance that students' needs are consistently that colleagues comply with school and district attempts to serve students, decision-making met, participation in team or departmental regulations. Professional interactions and practice based on limited data, and/or minimal compliance decision-making, and contributions to a culture of display the highest standards of honesty, integrity, with district initiatives. continuous improvement in district initiatives. confidentiality; teacher challenges negative attitudes/practices, and encourages a culture of continuous improvement. Evidence

# PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES – 7% OF TOTAL EVALUATION POINTS

PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES: The following professional responsibilities are minimal expectations for all CAVIT teachers. Failure to consistently meet these expectations shall result in administrative action.

PERFORMANCE DESCRIPTORS	YES (1 pt)	NO (0 pts)	COMMENTS
1. The teacher attends, participates, and arrives on time for required meeting.			
2. The teacher works and communicates effectively and professionally with parents, community members, staff and administrators.			
3. The teacher upholds and enforces school rules, administrative regulations, and board policies and procedures.			
4. Creates and maintains positive and appropriate relationships with students and staff members.			
5. Complies with state and federal special education laws, rules and regulations.			
6. The teacher consistently meets deadlines set forth by the school and district.			
7. The teacher consistently adheres to assigned work hours and maintains good attendance.			
8. The teacher complies with laws and professional responsibilities related to student, parent and teacher rights.			
9. The teacher complies with federal, state and CAVIT policies and procedures for test administration, data collection, and data stewardship.			
10. The teacher maintains professional mannerisms and appearance.			

Teacher Reflection on Professional Practices Levels of Performance			
Ineffective (0 pts)	Developing (1 pt)	Effective (2 pts)	Highly Effective (3 pts)
Teacher does not accurately reflect on the effectiveness of professional practices, and has no ideas about how practices could be improved. The teacher is unable to evaluate overall performance and fails to implement a professional development plan.	Teacher provides a partially accurate and objective reflection on professional practices, but does not cite specific evidence. Teacher makes only general suggestions as to how planning or pedagogical practices might be improved. The teacher reviews and evaluates some aspects of performance and implements a general professional development plan.	Teacher provides an accurate and objective reflection on professional practices, citing evidence to support the assessment. Teacher makes some specific suggestions as to how planning and pedagogical practices might be improved. The teacher reviews and evaluates his or her overall performance and implements a professional development plan aimed at improving instructional practice.	Teacher's reflection on professional practices is thoughtful and accurate, citing specific evidence to support the assessment in each of the four Domains. Teacher is able to identify planning and pedagogical decisions that positively impact the students' achievement. Teacher suggests specific, alternative strategies and predicts the likely success of each of those strategies. The teacher reviews and evaluates his or her overall performance and implements a focused professional development plan aimed at raising student achievement and improving instructional
			practice.

# 2016-2017 CAVIT Teacher Evaluation Instrument Student Achievement Section – 33% of Total Evaluation Points

# Data Strand #1 – ADE CTE End of Program Assessment – 15% of Student Achievement Section (Teachers without an end of program assessment will not be held accountable for this standard.)

Teachers will be evaluated on the percentage of test takers that meet or exceed the pass score on their respective end of program CTE assessment administered in April, 2016. Improvement plans relating to this strand will be evaluated on the percentage of test takers that meet or exceed the pass score on their respective end of program CTE assessment administered in November-December, 2017.

Ineffective	Developing	Effective	Highly Effective
0-69% of test takers within a program	70-79% of test takers within a program	80-95% of test takers within a program	95-100% of test takers within a
pass the ADE CTE assessment	pass the ADE CTE assessment	pass the ADE CTE assessment	program pass the ADE CTE assessment

# Data Strand #2 – CAVIT Practical Program Assessments – 12% of Student Achievement Section (The point value will be 27% for data strand #2 for teachers without ADE end of program assessments and/or new to the district.)

Teachers will be evaluated on the average proficiency score for all students taking practical assessments administered in May, 1, 2016. Teachers working collaboratively with advisory members will create scoring rubrics for 3-5 technical skills for students to be assessed on. Advisory/industry members will evaluate student proficiency. Formula: Total all skill scores achieved by student – divide total by number of skills assessed – identify average assessment score - total all average assessment score - total all average assessment score of all students assessed. \*Outside evaluators and scoring rubrics must be preapproved by superintendent prior to testing. New teachers to district and teachers on an improvement plan relating to this strand will be evaluated on results from practical program assessments conducted at the end of Fall Semester 2016.

Ineffective	Developing	Effective	Highly Effective
0-69% average proficiency	70-79% average proficiency	80-95% average proficiency	95-100% average proficiency
score for all students	score for all students	score for all students	score for all students.

# Data Strand #3 – CAVIT Student Satisfaction Survey – 6% of Student Achievement Section

Teachers will administer school adopted online student satisfaction survey in March, 2016. Evaluation results will only be totaled for students rating their program's overall quality with a "A" or "B" grade. New teachers to district and teachers on an improvement plan relating to this strand will be evaluated on survey results conducted at the end of Fall Semester 2016.

Ineffective	Developing	Effective	Highly Effective
0-69% of students rate program quality	70-79% of students rate program quality	80-95% of students rate program	95-100% of students rate program
with a "A" or "B" grade.	with a "A" or "B" grade.	quality with a "A" or "B" grade.	quality with a "A" or "B" grade.

Evaluation Points Summary			
Evaluation Score Summary	Domains (60%)	Professional Responsibilities (7%)	Student Achievement (33%)
Raw Score			
Weighted Score	.60	.7	.33
Total Score			

Total Performance Rating – Overall Scoring Guide

100-88 Pts – Highly Effective	87-70 Pts – Effective	69-62 Pts – <b>Developing</b>	0-61 Pts - Ineffective	
Evaluator's Reflections:				
Area(s) of Strength:				
Recommendations for Improvement:				
Evaluator's Signature:		Date:		
I have seen and discussed this evaluation. (	a) I accept this assessment in	its entirety. O (b) I wish to atta	ch additional information.	
Teacher's Signature:		Date:		